emissa
Fostering Community Resilience

HUMANITARIAN SITUATION REPORT

SPECIAL UPDATE / 03

SYRIA FLASH FLOODS



The humanitarian emergency beyond the rainfall: water, access and agricultural livelihoods

EASTERN SYRIA

02 NOVEMBER 2026

375
CAMP FAMILIES MOVED

550+
RESPONSE OPERATIONS

2,500
DUNAMS INUNDATED

Status note: indicators refer to different dates and geographic scopes. This update consolidates public reporting, not EMISSA field verification.

01 / EXECUTIVE SYNTHESIS

The emergency has shifted

Latest public reporting points to cascading risks: intermittent drinking-water supply, unsafe crossings and farm losses.

KEY OPERATIONAL JUDGEMENT

The most urgent decisions are not simply about rainfall. They concern whether families can obtain safe water, whether referral routes remain passable, and whether damaged agricultural livelihoods can recover.

08	04	60	375
DEATHS REPORTED	MISSING REPORTED	PEOPLE RESCUED	CAMP FAMILIES MOVED
30 Oct national statement	30 Oct national statement	30 Oct national statement	Earlier Raqqa snapshot

FOUR DEVELOPMENTS TO WATCH

01 Search & safety

A body was recovered west of Tabqa on 2 Nov; the national missing-person count needs formal reconciliation. [4]

02 Water interruptions

Up to 26 pumping stations were reported stopped during the turbidity peak; restoration is station-specific. [7]

03 Critical roads

Khunayfis crossing was reported interrupted; night travel from Deir ez-Zor was suspended. [5][6]

04 Agricultural exposure

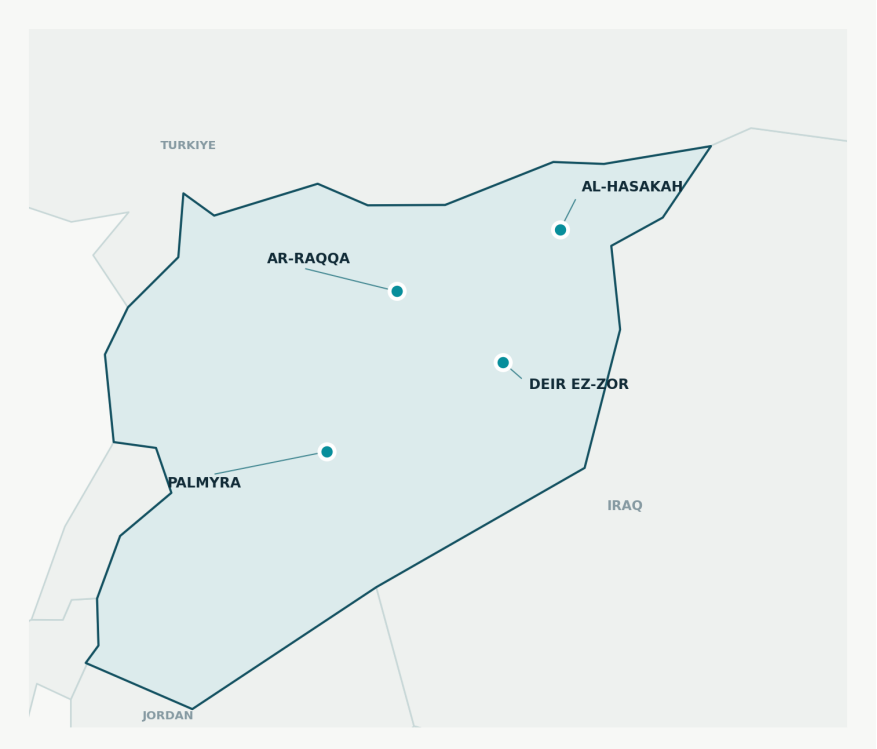
2,500 dunams in al-Kubar were submerged; cotton and maize losses were also reported in Raqqa. [8]

Interpretation: a desk-based synthesis, not a verified multi-sector needs assessment. National and local figures must not be added or compared as one dataset.

02 / GEOGRAPHIC EXPOSURE

Where the situation matters

Priority geography reflects available reporting, not the full extent of flooding or verified sub-district caseloads.



REFERENCE LOCATIONS / city markers only

AR-RAQQA

Displacement camps, Tabqa search, Khunayfis crossing and local crop damage.

DEIR EZ-ZOR

Affected farmland, damaged transport links and local utility exposure.

AL-HASAKAH

Included in storm response; site-specific verified totals remain limited.

EASTERN HOMS

Wadi and desert-route risks; verify crossings before any movement.

READ THIS MAP CORRECTLY

Markers indicate approximate city locations, not flooded footprints. Administrative boundaries are reference geography; no village-level inundation boundaries have been independently mapped in this report.

Boundary source: Natural Earth low-resolution public-domain country polygons; EMISSA analytical annotations.

03 / CRITICAL SERVICES

Water and access: a double disruption

High river turbidity and unstable transport links can extend the emergency after rainfall subsides.

WATER SERVICE ALERT

26

stations

Reported peak of temporarily halted pumping stations amid high Euphrates turbidity; some resumed thereafter. This is **not** a confirmed number still offline on 2 Nov. [7]

HISTORICAL PEAK · NOT LIVE

ACCESS STATUS

Do not assume roads are open.

KHUNAYFIS / MAADAN

Road disruption reported on 2 Nov. [5]

DEIR EZ-ZOR

Night bus departures suspended in response to road hazards. [6]

OTHER CORRIDORS

Reopenings may be partial or vehicle-specific. [11]

THE CASCADE FROM FLOODWATERS TO HUMANITARIAN RISK

01 **FLASH RUNOFF**
High water & sediment

02 **PUMPING DISRUPTION**
Reduced water access

03 **COPING PRESSURE**
Tanker costs, hygiene risk

04 **RESTORATION CHECK**
Quality + power + access

Minimum checks before dispatch / support

Confirm station-by-station pumping and treated-water quality; obtain same-day route passability, vehicle limits, daylight restrictions and medical referral alternatives from the competent authorities and local contacts.

04 / LIVELIHOODS

Agricultural losses now visible

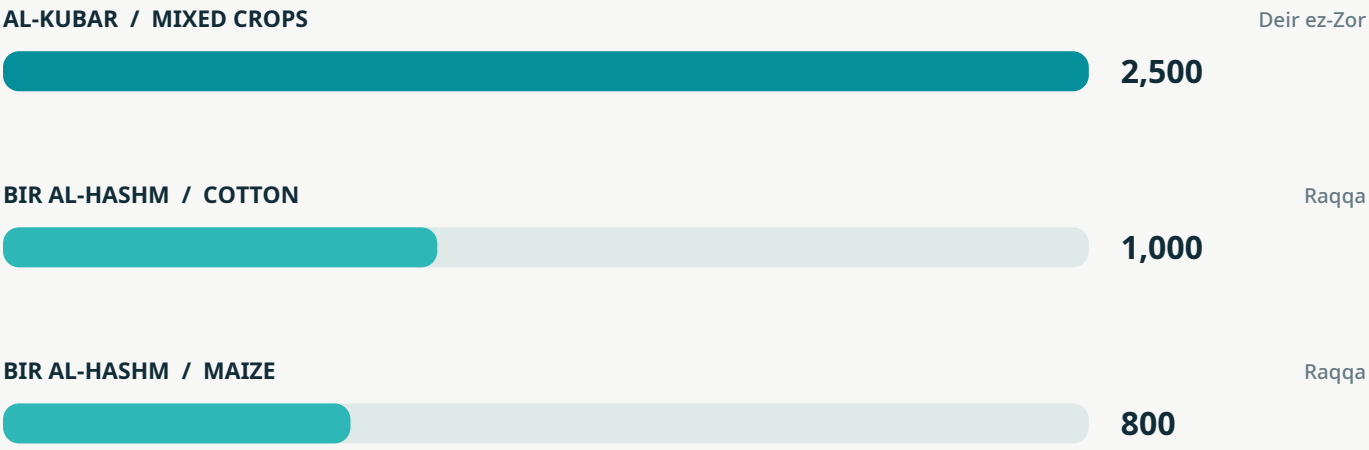
Preliminary locality-level reports show the need for rapid verification, not immediate aggregation into a national loss estimate.

FARMLAND EXPOSURE · REPORTED 02 NOVEMBER

2,500 dunams

Inundated land reported in al-Kubar, Deir ez-Zor, involving mixed agricultural crops. It does not represent the full national flood impact. [8]

SEPARATE SITE REPORTS / DUNAMS AFFECTED



PRELIMINARY LOSS RATES

Cotton: ~30–35% reported in the inspected area. Maize: above 40% in some affected fields. Agriculture Directorate assessments are continuing. [8]

05 / PEOPLE AND PROTECTION

Displacement, protection & safe services

Existing camp displacement reports remain an important exposure signal, not a current nationwide displacement total.

REPORTED MOVEMENT FROM RAQQA CAMPS · EARLIER SNAPSHOT [9]

375 families



200 SAHLAT AL-BANAT
100 AL-YOUNANI
75 AL-MAQASS

DO NOT EQUATE MOVEMENT WITH CURRENT DISPLACEMENT

The 375-family figure describes earlier movement out of specific camps. Verify return status, hosting arrangements, basic needs and secondary displacement before targeting assistance.

PRIORITY PROTECTION ACTIONS

CHILD SAFETY

Prevent exposure around open water, damaged crossings and debris.

ACCESSIBLE ALERTS

Distribute understandable alerts to women, older people and persons with disabilities.

SAFE REFERRALS

Maintain health, psychosocial and protection pathways despite road disruption.

06 / RESPONSE PRIORITIES

The next 72 hours

A coordinated monitoring-and-verification agenda for authorities, service operators, civil-society actors and partners.

00–24 HRS

VERIFY

Confirm stations, roads, search status, current displaced-family locations and urgent referral bottlenecks.

24–48 HRS

TRIAGE

Prioritise safe water solutions, alternative service routes, affected camp sites and farm damage verification.

48–72 HRS

RESTORE

Share access/water status updates, coordinate targeted support and identify recoverable livelihood assets.

MINIMUM OUTPUTS TO REQUEST FROM EACH LEAD

Water utility / WASH actor	Functioning stations; supply interruptions; latest quality testing; temporary alternatives.
Road / civil-defence focal point	Crossing status, restrictions, routes for ambulances and freight, date/time checked.
Camp and protection focal point	Families currently away or returned; priority protection and shelter referral needs.
Agriculture teams	Farm parcel/crop register, inundation boundaries, loss methodology and repair needs.
MEAL / information lead	Daily evidence log, source dates, duplicate checks and clear confidence labels.

These are proposed coordination actions. No EMISSA deployment, aid distribution, or allocated funding is implied.

07 / EVIDENCE & INTEGRITY

What is known, and what is not

Source-level verification is essential for planning. The full public-source register is linked below.

EVIDENCE STATUS

30 October national totals = earlier official baseline. **2 November reports = new local developments.** The search recovery must not be used to adjust the national missing-person or fatality count without a reconciled statement.

SOURCE REGISTER / CLICK LABELS IN DIGITAL PDF

01 EMISSA, Situation Update No. 02 (31 Oct 2026)

02 Ministry emergency response bulletin, SANA (30 Oct)

03 EMISSA emergency publications

04 Recovery of missing person west of Tabqa, Alikhbariah (2 Nov)

05 Khunayfis crossing disruption, Alikhbariah (2 Nov)

06 Deir ez-Zor night travel suspension, SANA (1 Nov)

07 Water station outages, Al-Araby Al-Jadeed (1 Nov)

08 Agricultural impacts, SANA (2 Nov)

09 Camp movements & crossing damage, SANA (29 Oct)

10 Renewed weather warning, SANA (31 Oct / 1 Nov)

11 Al-Kubar road repair, SANA (1 Nov)

12 Raqqa station disruptions, SANA (29 Oct)

Independent household verification, structural inspections, water sampling and detailed flood-footprint mapping were **not** conducted for this publication.

إيميسا، وحدة الرصد والتحليل الإنساني

الملخص التنفيذي

السيول في سوريا

التحديث الثالث بتاريخ 2 تشرين الثاني نوفمبر 2026

يرصد التقرير آثار سيول أواخر تشرين الأول في شرق سوريا، بالاعتماد على المصادر العامة. ولا يمثل مسحاً ميدانياً مستقلاً لمنظمة إيميسا.

الطرق والوصول

وردت تقارير عن تعطل معبر خنيفيس وتعليق رحلات ليلية من دير الزور. تحقق من سلامة الطرق قبل التحرك.

المياه والخدمات

تسببت عكارة الفرات بتوقف محطات مياه مؤقتاً. ووصل العدد المبلغ عنه في الذروة إلى 26 محطة؛ وليس هذا وضعها المؤكد اليوم.

أولويات الاستجابة

التحقق من مياه الشرب والطرق، ومتابعة أوضاع الأسر التي غادرت المخيمات وتقييم الخسائر الزراعية.

الزراعة وسبل العيش

غمرت السيول نحو 2,500 دونم في الكبر بدير الزور، وتضررت حقول قطن وذرة في ريف الرقة.

تنويه: الحصيلة الوطنية المنشورة في 30 تشرين الأول لا تُعدّل تلقائياً بعد المستجدات المحلية دون إعلان رسمي موحد.